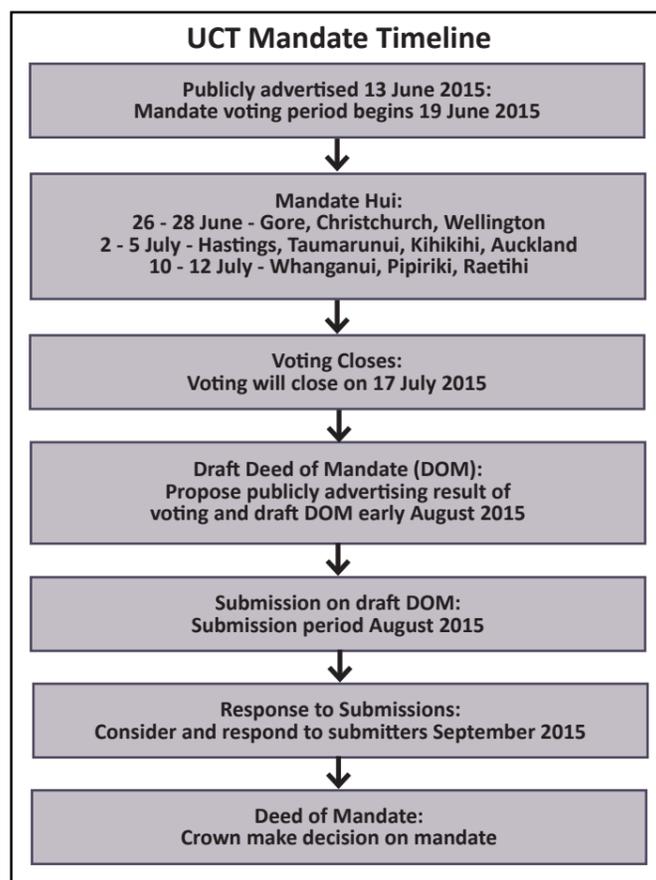


- Voting will close on **17 July 2015**.

Voters must complete a special vote if they:

- Register on the UCT member database during the voting period but before the closing date of voting
- Wish to vote but do not want to register with UCT
- Did not receive their voting pack in the mail; and
- Do not have their voting paper they received in the mail but want to cast their vote at the mandate hui.

For further information please visit www.uenuku.iwi.nz or contact the election helpline **0800 666 030**



How to Vote

- The voting period is from **Friday 19 June 2015 to Friday 19 July 2015**. You will receive a voting pack in the mail, or email.
- You can only vote once.
- Postal voting using the prepaid return envelope; or
- Online voting using a unique identifier; or
- Voting by using ballot boxes at Mandate Voting Hui.

Time and Date	Venue and Location	Time and Date	Venue and Location
6pm Friday 26 June	Hokonui Marae, 11 Hyde St, Gore	3pm Saturday 4 July	Kihikihi Bowling Club, 17 Lion St, Kihikihi
5pm Saturday 27 June	Te Hohepa Te Kohanga Reo, 34 Phillips St, Christchurch	3pm Sunday 5 July	Holiday Inn, 2 Ascot Rd, Mangere, Auckland
1pm Sunday 28 June	Airport Motel, 142 Tirangi Rd, Rongotai, Wellington	6pm Friday 10 July	Putiki Marae, 10 Takarangi St, Whanganui
6pm Thursday 2 July	Angus Inn Hotel, 507 Railway Rd, Hastings	3pm Saturday 11 July	Paraweka Marae, 2527 Raetihi Rd, Pipiriki
6pm Friday 3 July	War Memorial Hall, 153 Hakiaha St, Taumarunui	10am Sunday 12 July	Te Puke Marae, 49 Ohakune Rd, Raetihi

The purpose of the mandate hui is to:

- Provide information about Crown settlement policy, the Uenuku Charitable Trust and the mandate process; and
- Mandate the Uenuku Charitable Trust to represent TKoW in negotiations with the Crown for the comprehensive settlement of all the historical Treaty claims of TKoW.

Information on the general settlement process and UCT Mandate Strategy can be found on:

- The Office of Treaty Settlements website www.ots.govt.nz
- The Te Puni Kokiri website www.tpk.govt.nz
- The Waitangi Tribunal website www.waitangi-tribunal.govt.nz
- The Crown Forestry Rental Trust website www.cfrt.org.nz
- The UCT website www.uenuku.iwi.nz



Te Korowai o Wainuiarua PATHWAY TO SETTLEMENT

Uenuku Charitable Trust Proposed Mandate

Uenuku Charitable Trust (UCT) seeks the mandate to negotiate the comprehensive settlement of all historical Treaty of Waitangi claims that relate to the central Whanganui Large Natural Group (LNG).

The central Whanganui LNG has been named Te Korowai o Wainuiarua (TKoW). TKoW includes the descendants of Tamakana, Tamahaki or Uenuku ki Manganui-a-te-Ao, nā Tukaihoru.

Who is Uenuku Charitable Trust (UCT)?

At a Hui-ā-iwi on 1 February 2014, Uenuku Charitable Trust was established to enable the adequate provision of services to ensure economic, social, cultural and educational development and to lead the Treaty of Waitangi claims in the Central Plateau.

At the request of the people, UCT set up a large representative governance model with the provision of 38 seats available on the Board of Trustees consisting of:

- Mandated hapū delegates (26 seats available)
- Three mandated marae representatives (3 seats available)
- Three mandated representatives of Treaty of Waitangi claimants (3 seats available)
- Three representatives of Uenuku uri who live outside of the rohe (3 seats available)
- Three mandated rangatahi representatives (3 seats available)

Currently, UCT is in the process of electing new Trustees with nineteen candidates seeking endorsement from their respective constituents prior to being ratified at UCT's Annual General Meeting on the 12th July 2015.

UCT rents an office at 156 Seddon Street, Raetihi to undertake activities on behalf of the Iwi.

UCT is also engaged with other claims on behalf of Uenuku including Tongariro National Park and Taurewa Forest.

Settling historical Treaty of Waitangi claims (NZ Government overview)

Claims for breaches of the Treaty of Waitangi before 1992 are known as historical claims. Settlements aim to resolve these claims by providing some redress to claimant groups.

What is a historical Treaty of Waitangi settlement?

The Treaty of Waitangi was signed by Māori rangatira, or chiefs, and representatives of the British Crown in 1840.

Historical claims are made by Māori against the Crown for breaches of the Treaty - times when the Crown didn't uphold 1 or more of the three Treaty articles - before 1992.

Historical settlements aim to resolve these claims and provide some redress to claimant groups. When a settlement is reached, it becomes law.

Who's involved in a settlement?

The Crown settles with Large Natural Groups (LNGs) - communities with a common ancestry. LNGs are known as claimant groups, and can be made up of:

- single iwi
- a group of iwi
- a collection of hapū from the same geographical area.

The Crown is the government, and government agencies. The Office of Treaty Settlements (OTS) negotiates with representatives of claimant groups on behalf of the Crown.

What a settlement provides

Settlements give 3 kinds of redress to the claimant group.

1. A historical account of the Treaty breaches, and Crown acknowledgement and apology

The historical account details the ways that the Crown breached the Treaty. The Crown and the claimant group must both agree on these. The Crown will acknowledge and apologise for the Treaty breaches and the impact they had on the claimant group.

2. Cultural redress

Cultural redress can include things like:

- place name changes
- the transfer of Crown land to the claimant group, and
- co-governance of rivers and lakes.

3. Commercial and financial redress

This is cash, property, or a mixture of both.

The settlement process

There are 4 stages in a Treaty settlement.

1. **Pre-negotiation** - when the claimant group will mandate people to represent them in negotiations. The Crown and the representatives will sign Terms of Negotiation.
2. **Negotiation** - when the representatives and the Crown negotiate a final Deed of Settlement. The claimant group must agree to the proposed settlement before moving to the next stage of the process.
3. **Legislation** - when the settlement becomes law.
4. **Implementation** - when the Crown and the claimant group work together to make sure everything agreed in the Deed of Settlement happens.

In July 2014, the Minister for Treaty of Waitangi Negotiations recognised the TKoW LNG. UCT published their mandate strategy on behalf of the TKoW claimant community in December 2014.

Te Korowai o Wainuiarua Area of Interest and Claimant Definition

Te Korowai o Wainuiarua area of interest of Tamakana, Tamahaki and Uenuku begins on Ruapehu Maunga, Paratetaitonga down the Whakapapa Nui to the Whanganui River. Then down the Whanganui River to the southern boundary of the Koiro Block, then to the northern boundary of the Maraekowhai Block and onto the Taranaki Boundary. The boundary then moves in a south west direction along the western boundaries of Maraekowhai Block and Taumatamahoe Block. Then in a south east direction down the Whakaihuwaka Block then across to the Whanganui River, down the River to Matahiwi. Then follow the Matahiwi track to Raukawa Falls then across to Rangiwaea Junction and onto Rakatapauma Pa, down to Mataroa and across to Moawhango. Up the Moawhango River to Lake Moawhango, then the boundary goes to the Whangaehu River and follows that river to Te Waiamoe then up to Paretetaitonga.

The map is not exclusive. It is intended to be

indicative only and will be refined through the mandate process.

TKoW Wai Claims included in the mandate strategy to be represented by UCT are Wai 73, 458, 836, 843, 954, 1072, 1073, 1084, 1170, 1181, 1189, 1192, 1197, 1202, 1224, 1261, 1388, 1393, 1394, 1633, 1738, 2203, 2204

The following Wai claims relate to TKoW in part only. Only the parts of these Wai claims that relate to TKoW will be covered by the mandate and will be negotiated by UCT. This will not extinguish these Wai claims. These claims are Wai 48, 81, 146, 167, 221, 428, 555, 759, 1191, 1229, 1594, 1607.

Treaty Negotiation Structure

Governance – UCT Board will sign off on all important documents (such as Deed of Mandate, Terms of Negotiations, Agreement in Principle, and a draft Deed of Settlement). The TKoW claimant community will be required to approve the Deed of Settlement through a formal ratification process. UCT will present an initialled Deed of Settlement to the claimant community for their ratification, allowing all registered adult TKoW members to vote and decide. UCT will not receive the settlement. A new Post Settlement Governance Entity (PSGE) will be developed and approved by the TKoW community to receive the settlement.

Working Groups – UCT will establish the following working groups to ensure that all interests are represented during Treaty negotiations:

- Claims Committee – provide strategic direction and leadership on the implementation of Treaty plans and to make recommendations
- Research Committee – a focus group of researchers headed by a professional historian/researcher
- Negotiators – a team of 3 to 5 negotiators will be appointed to work through the details of a Treaty settlement package on behalf of the TKoW community and with the Crown.

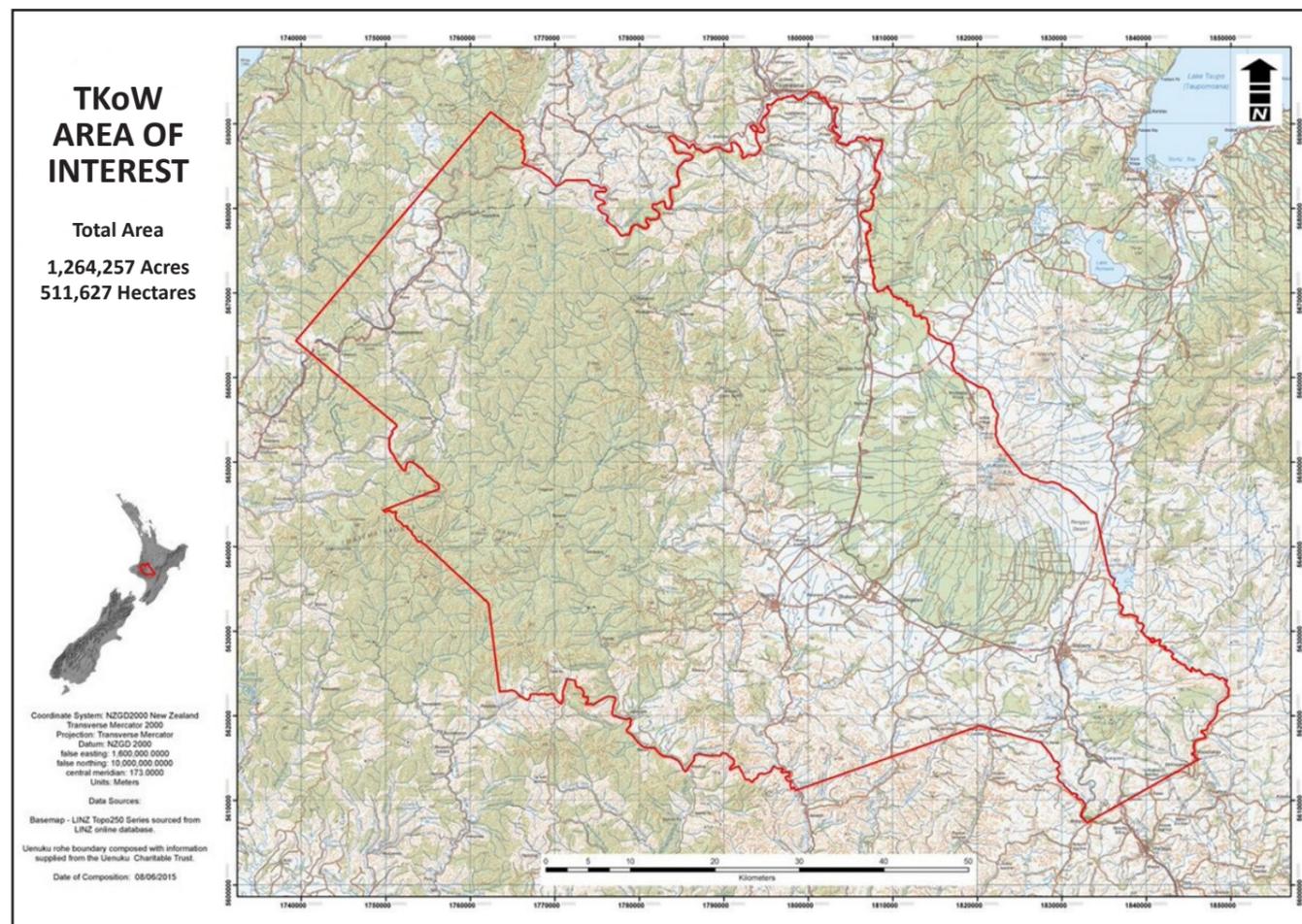
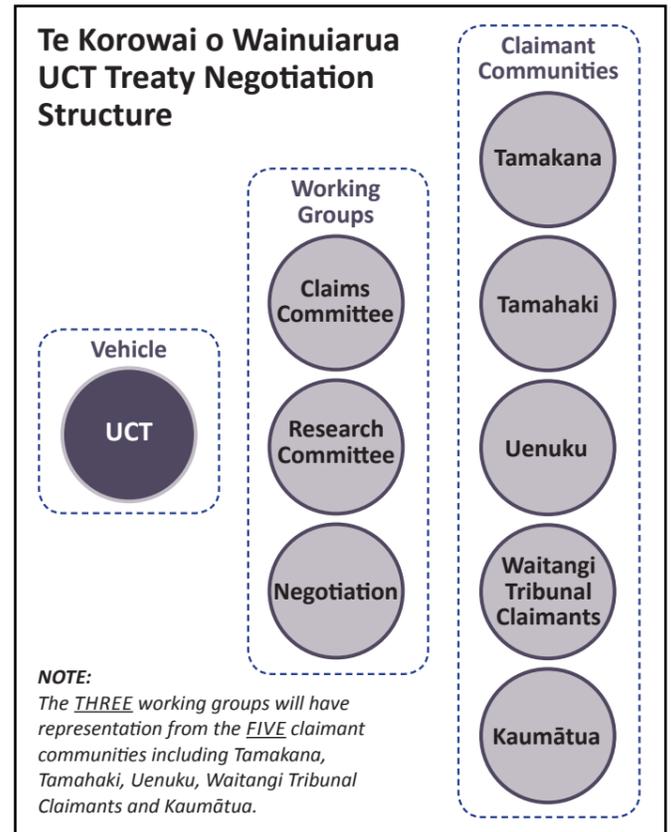
Claimant Communities – UCT intends that the three working groups will include representation from:

- Tamakana
- Tamahaki
- Uenuku
- Waitangi Tribunal Claimant
- Kaumātua

Appointments of representation will be made in accordance with each group's established voting

procedures. In the case of Waitangi Tribunal Claimant and Kaumātua, UCT will run an open and transparent appointments process.

Advisors – UCT will utilise a number of advisors where appropriate and when required. UCT will use its best endeavours to utilise internal resources and capacity within Hapū groups where appropriate.



UCT Mandate Proposal

Members of the TKoW claimant community over 18 years of age will be asked to vote on the following resolution:

That Uenuku Charitable Trust is mandated to represent Te Korowai o Wainuiarua in negotiations with the Crown for the comprehensive settlement of all historical Treaty of Waitangi claims that relate to Te Korowai o Wainuiarua.

Who can vote?

- You must be 18 years and over, descend from one or more of the tupuna Tamakana, Tamahaki or Uenuku ki Manganui-a-te-Ao, nā Tukaihoru
- Either be registered with Uenuku Charitable Trust or have completed a Whakapapa Verification form
- Registration or Whakapapa Verification forms will be available at hui, from www.uenuku.iwi.nz or by contacting the election helpline 0800 666 030
- Registration or Whakapapa Verification forms will be subject to verification by the Whakapapa Committee